



Office of Rental Assistance and Homeless Solutions

HOME-ARP Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA)

HOME American Rescue Plan (HOME-ARP):
Homelessness Prevention Program (HPP)

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I. **Timeline**

HOME ARP Supportive Services Funding	
Homelessness Prevention Program Timeline	
November 2022	Homelessness Prevention Program (HPP) NOFA draft released
December 2022	HPP NOFA webinar
January 2023	HPP NOFA and application published
February 10, 2023	HPP application submissions due
March 1, 2023	HPP Project Start

II. **General Overview**

In March 2021, President Biden signed the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP) of 2021 into law, which provides over \$1.9 trillion in relief to address the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the economy, public health, state and local governments, individuals, and businesses. Congress appropriated \$5 billion in ARP funds to be administered through HUD’s HOME Investment Partnerships Program to specifically address the need for homelessness assistance and supportive services and perform four activities that must primarily benefit qualifying individuals and families who are homeless, at risk of homelessness, or in other vulnerable populations; including (1) the development of affordable rental housing, (2) tenant-based rental assistance (TBRA), (3) the provision of supportive services; (4) the acquisition and development of non-congregate shelter units and (5) non-profit building and capacity building assistance. The complete program is described in Notice [CPD-21-10](#) and is formally known as the HOME-American Rescue Plan (HOME-ARP).

HOME-ARP funds were allocated to 19 different cities and counties across the state for a total of \$89,849,402. MSHDA received Michigan’s non-entitlement portion of \$63,793,681. To achieve an equitable distribution of funds statewide, MSHDA considered these local funding amounts when determining regional allocations for MSHDA HOME-ARP. MSHDA used a formula-based calculation that included the percentage of the population at 30% Area Median Income to establish the regional need. MSHDA allocated 85% of its HOME-ARP, less MSHDA Administrative costs, to regions across the state and maintains 15% of the total award as a statewide pool for additional regional allocation as needed.

MSHDA published its HOME-ARP Allocation Plan for public comment and hosted multiple virtual public comment sessions to solicit feedback and questions regarding the plan. All feedback was reviewed, and any necessary changes were incorporated into the submitted HUD Action Plan. Please see [MSHDA’s HOME-ARP Allocation Plan](#) for more information.

As a means of continued support for homelessness prevention activities implemented under other federal efforts in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, MSHDA has allocated \$5 million in HOME-ARP funds to aid households at risk of homelessness through the Homelessness Prevention Program (HPP). Please review Addendum A for the allocation methodology and individual Continuum of Care (CoC) or Local Planning Bodies (LPB) of the Balance of State Continuum of Care (BOSOC) allocations.

III. Program Description

The HOME-ARP Homelessness Prevention Program (HPP) will provide rent and financial assistance for households who qualify per HOME-ARP eligibility criteria. This NOFA will provide detail regarding Qualifying Populations, Eligible Activities, and Costs, along with the subgrantee requirements needed for Continuums of Care (CoC) and Local Planning Bodies (LPBs) of the Balance of State CoC to receive MSHDA HOME-ARP funding.

The funds from this program will be awarded by MSHDA to existing COVID Emergency Rental Assistance (CERA) fiduciaries for the following purposes:

- Rent arrears assistance
- Utility arrears assistance (as it relates to maintaining or obtaining housing)
- Administrative costs

Case management costs are not eligible through HPP and must be reimbursed through CERA Housing Stability grants, awarded to the local Housing Assessment Resource Agency (HARA) as a subgrantee. Please contact MSHDA if the CoC or LPB wishes to select a different subgrantee for this program.

IV. Grant Term

Grants will begin March 1, 2023, and end February 28, 2024.

V. Qualifying Populations as Defined by HOME-ARP

The following populations are qualified to receive assistance from the Homelessness Prevention Program. Please review the [HOME-ARP Notice](#) for more detailed information.

Homeless, as defined in [24 CFR 91.5](#):

- An individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence.
- An individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence.
- Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who:
 - Are defined as homeless under section 387 of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5732a), section 637 of the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9832), section 41403 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14043e-2), section 330(h) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(h)), section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012), section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)), or section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a);
 - Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing at any time during the 60 days immediately preceding the date of application for homeless assistance;
 - Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during the 60-day period immediately preceding the date of applying for homeless assistance: **and**
 - Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time because of chronic disabilities, chronic physical health or mental health conditions, substance addiction, histories of domestic violence or childhood abuse (including neglect), the presence of a child or youth with a disability, or two

or more barriers to employment, which include the lack of a high school degree or General Education Development (GED), illiteracy, low English proficiency, a history of incarceration or detention for criminal activity, and a history of unstable employment.

At risk of Homelessness, as defined in [24 CFR 91.5](#):

- An individual or family who:
 - Has an annual income below 30 percent of median family income for the area, as determined by HUD;
 - Does not have sufficient resources or support networks, e.g., family, friends, faith-based or other social networks, immediately available to prevent them from moving to an emergency shelter or another place described in paragraph (1) of the “Homeless” definition; **and**
 - Meets one of the following conditions:
 - Has moved because of economic reasons two or more times during the 60 days immediately preceding the application for homelessness prevention assistance;
 - Is living in the home of another because of economic hardship;
 - Has been notified in writing that their right to occupy their current housing or living situation will be terminated within 21 days after the date of application for assistance;
 - Lives in a hotel or motel and the cost of the hotel or motel stay is not paid by charitable organizations or by federal, State, or local government programs for low- income individuals;
 - Lives in a single-room occupancy or efficiency apartment unit in which there reside more than two persons or lives in a larger housing unit in which there reside more than 1.5 people per room, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau;
 - Is exiting a publicly funded institution, or system of care (such as a health-care facility, a mental health facility, foster care or other youth facility, or correction program or institution); *or*
 - Otherwise lives in housing that has characteristics associated with instability and an increased risk of homelessness, as identified in the recipient’s approved consolidated plan.
 - A child or youth who does not qualify as “homeless” under this section, but qualifies as “homeless” under section 387(3) of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5732a(3)), section 637(11) of the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9832(11)), section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14043e-2(6)), section 330(h)(5)(A) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254b(h)(5)(A)), section 3(l) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012(l)), or section 17(b)(15) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)(15)); *or*
 - A child or youth who does not qualify as “homeless” under this section but qualifies as “homeless” under section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a (2)), and the parent(s) or guardian(s) of that child or youth if living with her or him.

Fleeing, or Attempting to Flee, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Human Trafficking

- **Domestic violence**, which is defined in [24 CFR 5.2003](#) includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by:

- A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim (the term “spouse or intimate partner of the victim” includes a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of the relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship);
- A person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving HOME-ARP funds; or
- Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.
- **Dating violence**, which is defined in [24 CFR 5.2003](#) means violence committed by a person:
 - Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
 - Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
 - The length of the relationship.
 - The type of relationship
 - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- **Sexual assault**, which is defined in [24 CFR 5.2003](#) means any nonconsensual sexual act proscribed by Federal, Tribal, or State law, including when the victim lacks capacity to consent.
- **Stalking**, which is defined in [24 CFR 5.2003](#) means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:
 - Fear for the person’s individual safety or the safety of others; or
 - Suffer substantial emotional distress.
- **Human Trafficking**, includes both sex and labor trafficking, as outlined in the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA), as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102). These are defined as:
 - *Sex trafficking* means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, patronizing, or soliciting of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act, in which the commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or
 - *Labor trafficking means* the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

Other Populations, where providing supportive services or assistance under section 212(a) of NAHA ([42 U.S.C. 12742\(a\)](#)) would prevent the family’s homelessness or would serve those with the greatest risk of housing instability. HUD defines these populations as individuals and households who do not qualify under any of the populations above but meet one of the following criteria:

- **Other Families Requiring Services or Housing Assistance to Prevent Homelessness** is defined as households (i.e., individuals and families) who have previously been qualified as “homeless” as defined in [24 CFR 91.5](#), are currently

housed due to temporary or emergency assistance, including financial assistance, services, temporary rental assistance or some type of other assistance to allow the household to be housed, and who need additional housing assistance or supportive services to avoid a return to homelessness.

- **At Greatest Risk of Housing Instability** is defined as household who meets either option below:
 - Has annual income that is less than or equal to 30% of the area median income, as determined by HUD and is experiencing severe cost burden (i.e., is paying more than 50% of monthly household income toward housing costs), *or*
 - Has annual income that is less than or equal to 50% of the area median income, as determined by HUD, **AND** meets one of the following conditions from paragraph (iii) of the “At risk of homelessness” definition noted above.

Veterans and Families that include a Veteran Family Member that meet the criteria for one of the qualifying populations described above are eligible to receive HOME-ARP assistance.

VI. Selection Criteria for Eligible Subgrantees

Housing Assessment and Resources Agencies (HARAs) are pre-determined as subgrantees for this Program, based on the awarded CERA Housing Stability grants. Please contact MSHDA if the CoC or LPB wishes to select a different subgrantee for this program.

All HPP Subgrantees must meet the following requirements:

- Recommended by the CoC/LPB; (Continuum of Care or Local Planning Body)
- A 501(c)3 nonprofit agency or a local unit of government that operates its principal place of business in the State of Michigan.
- A local unit of government can subgrant the funds to a PHA; (Public Housing Authority)
- Actively involved in the CoC/LPB planning process;
- Willing to re-align existing program structures and use funds to fill gaps and end homelessness;
- Willing to use HMIS (Homeless Management Information System) to collect relevant data (Domestic violence service agencies use a comparable database);
- Capacity to use a standardized assessment tool or process;
- Participation in a QSOBAA (Qualified Services Organization Business Associates Agreement) to allow sharing within HMIS;
- Exhibits the financial capacity to administer funds as demonstrated through an audited financial statement;
- Has financial management systems in place such as cash receipts and disbursement logs, invoices and canceled check registers, etc.
- Employs staff person who possesses a bachelor’s degree in accounting, or possesses experience in accounting along with college accounting credits, or a bookkeeper whose work is overseen by an accounting firm;
- Does not require program participants to complete any prerequisites to receive services (i.e., religious activities, sobriety treatment, etc.); and
- Displays the ability to collaborate, coordinate, and partner with other local organizations.

MSHDA reserves the right to evaluate the past performance of all recommended agencies and to approve or deny their participation.

VII. Eligible Costs

HPP funds may be used to pay eligible costs associated with the HOME-ARP supportive services by the requirements in this NOFA.

Rental Arrears: Payments may be used for a one-time payment for up to six (6) months of rent in arrears, including any late fees or charges on those arrears, if necessary for the household to maintain their existing housing or, for those without housing, if necessary to remove a demonstrated barrier to obtaining housing. Fair Market Rates (FMR) will apply, as defined in MSHDA HOME-ARP policy. Rental arrears account for 70% of the total grant allocation.

Utility Arrears: Utility arrears can be paid if it is necessary to remove a barrier to obtaining housing or necessary to maintain their existing housing. This program must be considered the funding of last resort and individual payments will be capped as defined in MSHDA HOME-ARP policy. Utility arrears account for 20% of the total grant allocation.

Administrative Costs: Expenses associated with fiduciary and/or subgrantee administrative support during the grant period. Administrative costs account for 10% of the total grant allocation.

VIII. Ineligible Costs

Case management costs are not eligible through HPP and must be reimbursed through CERA Housing Stability Services grants, awarded to the local HARA as a subgrantee. Please contact MSHDA if the CoC or LPB wishes to select a different subgrantee for this Program.

IX. Collaboration

By collaborating, local partners will work to leverage and coordinate community resources. Although the selected subgrantee may provide many services, it is beneficial to partner with other local organizations to assure a cadre of available support.

For use of HPP funds, a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) must be completed between each CoC and MSHDA to ensure all HOME-ARP Qualifying Populations can be served by the local Coordinated Entry System. The MOU must be completed before the release of funds and can be found on [MSHDA's HOME-ARP webpage](#). MSHDA will have one grant with the designated Fiduciary and the Fiduciary will be responsible for grant distribution of funds, compliance, and monitoring with community subgrantees.

X. Defining Roles

Following is an explanation of the minimum duties performed by the CoC, Fiduciary, and subgrantee (s). The CoC/LPB-recommended Fiduciary will be awarded the funds; therefore, the Fiduciary is the only agency billing MSHDA for reimbursement.

MSHDA reserves the right to alter any/all recommendations based on issues of prior applicant performance, applicant capacity, eligibility of project activities, and consistency with the criteria and standards discussed in this NOFA.

Continuum of Care (CoC)

Each CoC operates a Coordinated Entry System by mapping out the resources and delivery process used to prevent homelessness and rapidly re-house people living in homelessness. As a result, duplication of services is reduced and gaps within the community's system are identified. In addition, the CoC's Coordinated Entry System overcomes barriers that individual programs cannot address, allowing communication, coordination, and collaboration to be brought to scale on a community-wide level.

Under HPP, CoCs are required to expand the scope of their Coordinated Entry Systems to include all Qualifying Populations defined with the HOME-ARP notice. This expansion relates only to the assessment of eligibility for and referral to HOME-ARP resources. Coordinated Entry Systems are responsible to perform the following functions:

- Implement and maintain a homeless crisis response system that is routinely monitored and evaluated based on HUD's System Performance Measures.
- Develop a culture that teaches and makes decisions based on outcomes.
- Analyze the local portfolio of grants to determine if the right mix of housing and services is available to meet the needs of the homeless households that present for assistance. Determine whether funding for some projects, in whole or in part, should be reallocated to make resources available for new efforts.
- Prioritize the use of MSHDA grant funds for proven strategies.
- Solidify and enhance partnerships within the following areas:
 - Behavioral Health
 - Domestic violence and human trafficking
 - Education and employment
 - Healthcare
 - Law enforcement
 - Veteran and youth services
- Further the application and implementation of best practices and HOME-ARP guiding principles.
- Confirm and support the identified agency(s) that will function as HPP Fiduciary and Subgrantee(s).
- Monitor services provided by the Fiduciary and Subgrantee(s) to ensure they meet the needs of the local community and that any critical issues are addressed.
- Provide meeting minutes, notices, and agendas to the designated MSHDA Homeless Assistance Specialist.
- Ensure that all MSHDA HOME-ARP-funded agencies participate in CoC or local planning body (LPB) meetings.
- Ensure completion of HMIS sharing agreement between all relevant CoC/LPB agencies.

Note: LPBs are subsets of the Balance of State CoC. While each LPB operates its Coordinated Entry System, they are all responsible to follow the overarching guidance and instruction of the Balance of State CoC.

Fiduciary

The Fiduciary is an agency selected and affirmed by the CoC or LPB to receive and distribute MSHDA HOME-ARP funding as allocated by the approved budget. The Fiduciary agrees to the following responsibilities:

- Execute grant documents for the community's allocation, including:
 - Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the CoC or LPB and with all Key Partners.
 - Sign the contract and applicable documents required by MSHDA;
 - Initiate and execute subgrantee grants as needed.

- Assure use of funds by the grant agreement, communicating knowledge of any fraudulent activity to MSHDA and the CoC or LPB;
- Submit quarterly Financial Status Reports (FSRs) in the MATT 2.0 system;
- Submit quarterly 7001.b HMIS data reports as part of the quarterly FSR submission;
- Advise the CoC or LPB of agencies not using dollars promptly to avoid loss of funds to the community and possible recapture by MSHDA;
- Evaluate the quality of services and provide oversight to funding subgrantees based upon documented outcomes and in partnership with the CoC or LPB;
- Collect and submit quarterly Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Reports (CAPERs) that address specific performance outcomes supported by HMIS data (domestic violence agencies use the alternative system). CAPERs are submitted to MSHDA via MATT 2.0 with a copy to the CoC or LPB;
- Monitor ten percent (10%) of all participant files, as well as the financial records, of all subgrantees except for emergency shelters.

Subgrantee(s)

The Subgrantee(s) is an agency selected and affirmed by the CoC or LPB to facilitate services outlined in this NOFA. The Subgrantee(s) agrees to the following responsibilities:

- Employ staff as Homeless Prevention Specialists to provide case management and financial assistance;
- Actively participate in the Coordinated Entry System, including acceptance of referred, eligible households and regular communication on available HPP resources;
- Provide routine reports to the CoC or LPB on HPP performance, including the number of households identified and served and the status of funding expenditure;
- Maintain knowledge of HPP and HOME-ARP requirements, regulations, and service standards.

Addendum A

Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) – HOME-ARP Homelessness Prevention Program - Allocation & Methodology

MSHDA has allocated \$5,000,000 in HOME-ARP funding to support a Homelessness Prevention Program under the Supportive Services component of HOME-ARP. Each CoC and LPB will receive an allocation to support the activities outlined in the NOFA.

In determining the HOME-ARP allocation breakdown for each CoC and LPB, MSHDA utilized data from the CERA Program as follows:

- First, MSHDA determined the total number of approved unique applications for each county. NOTE: for counties with CERA applications still in progress, MSHDA assumed that one-third (1/3) of those applications would be approved for payment;
- Second, MSHDA determined the percentage each county represented for total CERA applications approved statewide;
- Last, MSHDA applied the county percentage to the overall HOME-ARP funding to determine the county's allocation.

Once the county allocations were established, MSHDA combined the CoC and LPB service areas (counties) to create an overall funding allocation for each CoC and LPB. MSHDA then created a funding breakdown for each eligible activity as follows:

- Rental Arrears Assistance (70%)
- Utility Arrears (20%)
- Admin (10%)

The table on the next page represents each CoC and LPBs overall funding allocation.

KEY									
Region	Central UP	Region	Northwest	Region	NE Michigan	Region	West MI HN	Region	Mid-Michigan
1	Alger	2	Antrim	3	Alcona	4	Lake	4	Mecosta
1	Baraga	2	Benzie	3	Alpena	4	Mason	4	Osceola
1	Delta	2	Charlevoix	3	Cheboygan	4	Newaygo	5	Arenac
1	Dickinson	2	Emmet	3	Crawford	4	Oceana	5	Bay
1	Houghton	2	Grand Traverse	3	Iosco			5	Clare
1	Iron	2	Kalkaska	3	Montmorency	Region	Central MI	5	Gladwin
1	Keweenaw	2	Leelanau	3	Ogemaw	4	Ionia	Region	Thumb Area
1	Marquette	2	Manistee	3	Oscoda	4	Montcalm	6	Huron
1	Menominee	2	Missaukee	3	Otsego	5	Gratiot	6	Lapeer
1	Schoolcraft	2	Wexford	3	Presque Isle	5	Isabella	6	Sanilac
				3	Roscommon			6	Tuscola

Region	CoC/LPB	County Allocation	Rental Assistance 70%	Utility Assistance 20%	Admin 10%
1	Central UP LPB*	\$ 37,613	\$ 26,329	\$ 7,523	\$ 3,761
1	Chippewa - Luce - Mackinac	\$ 9,347	\$ 6,543	\$ 1,869	\$ 935
1	Gogebic - Ontonagon	\$ 9,258	\$ 6,481	\$ 1,852	\$ 926
2	Northwest CoC***	\$ 58,812	\$ 41,168	\$ 11,762	\$ 5,881
3	NE Michigan **	\$ 39,044	\$ 27,331	\$ 7,809	\$ 3,904
4	Allegan	\$ 24,822	\$ 17,375	\$ 4,964	\$ 2,482
4	Barry	\$ 10,465	\$ 7,326	\$ 2,093	\$ 1,047
4	Kent	\$ 303,631	\$ 212,542	\$ 60,726	\$ 30,363
4	Muskegon	\$ 137,213	\$ 96,049	\$ 27,443	\$ 13,721
4	Ottawa	\$ 68,562	\$ 47,993	\$ 13,712	\$ 6,856
4	West MI HN*****	\$ 37,166	\$ 26,016	\$ 7,433	\$ 3,717
4 5	Central MI LPB	\$ 55,100	\$ 38,570	\$ 11,020	\$ 5,510
4 5	Mid-Michigan LPB	\$ 63,374	\$ 44,362	\$ 12,675	\$ 6,337
5	Midland	\$ 26,521	\$ 18,565	\$ 5,304	\$ 2,652
5	Saginaw	\$ 136,542	\$ 95,579	\$ 27,308	\$ 13,654
6	Genesee (Flint)	\$ 277,333	\$ 194,133	\$ 55,467	\$ 27,733
6	Shiawassee	\$ 21,691	\$ 15,184	\$ 4,338	\$ 2,169
6	St. Clair	\$ 31,709	\$ 22,196	\$ 6,342	\$ 3,171
6	Thumb Area****	\$ 23,435	\$ 16,405	\$ 4,687	\$ 2,344
7	Clinton	\$ 19,634	\$ 13,744	\$ 3,927	\$ 1,963
7	Eaton	\$ 63,508	\$ 44,456	\$ 12,702	\$ 6,351
7	Ingham (Lansing)	\$ 349,383	\$ 244,568	\$ 69,877	\$ 34,938
8	Berrien	\$ 97,498	\$ 68,249	\$ 19,500	\$ 9,750
8	Branch	\$ 6,172	\$ 4,320	\$ 1,234	\$ 617
8	Calhoun (Battle Creek)	\$ 99,377	\$ 69,564	\$ 19,875	\$ 9,938
8	Cass - St. Joseph	\$ 29,384	\$ 20,569	\$ 5,877	\$ 2,938
8	Kalamazoo	\$ 231,133	\$ 161,793	\$ 46,227	\$ 23,113
8	Van Buren	\$ 19,365	\$ 13,556	\$ 3,873	\$ 1,937
9	Hillsdale	\$ 7,424	\$ 5,197	\$ 1,485	\$ 742
9	Jackson	\$ 53,221	\$ 37,255	\$ 10,644	\$ 5,322
9	Lenawee	\$ 37,255	\$ 26,079	\$ 7,451	\$ 3,726
9	Livingston	\$ 26,342	\$ 18,439	\$ 5,268	\$ 2,634
9	Monroe	\$ 65,744	\$ 46,021	\$ 13,149	\$ 6,574
9	Washtenaw	\$ 139,673	\$ 97,771	\$ 27,935	\$ 13,967
10	Detroit (City of)	\$ 1,199,060	\$ 839,342	\$ 239,812	\$ 119,906
10	Macomb	\$ 343,882	\$ 240,717	\$ 68,776	\$ 34,388
10	Oakland	\$ 440,620	\$ 308,434	\$ 88,124	\$ 44,062
10	Wayne	\$ 399,687	\$ 279,781	\$ 79,937	\$ 39,969
TOTAL		\$ 5,000,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 500,000